

# Bonding with Pango

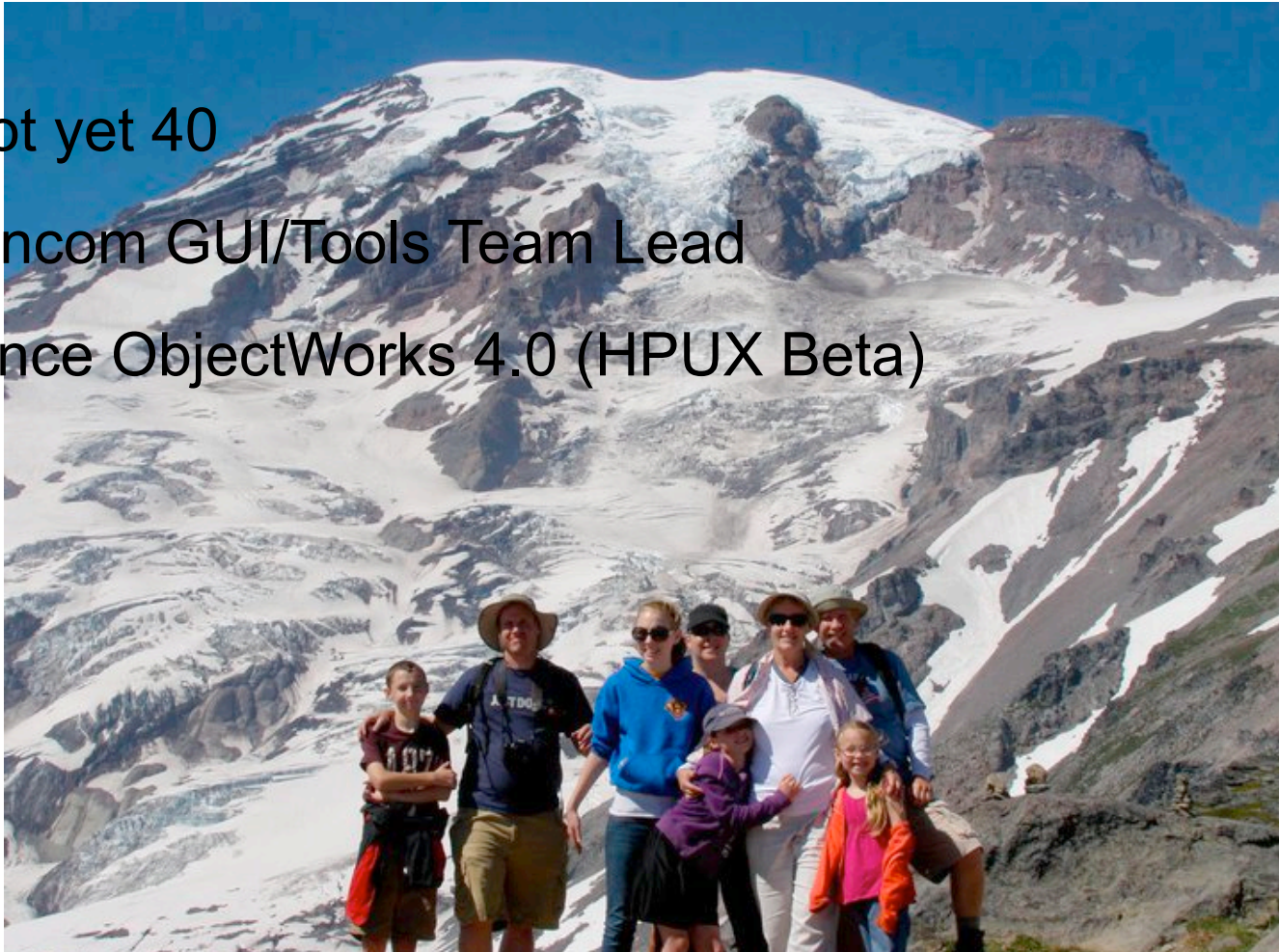
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# Who Am I?

- Not yet 40
- Cincom GUI/Tools Team Lead
- Since ObjectWorks 4.0 (HPUX Beta)



# What's This About?

- Not a Tutorial
- Experience Report
- I'm no expert, I just know more than I used to

# What's Pango?

- Παν<sub>語</sub>
- “Pango is a library for laying out and rendering of text, with an emphasis on internationalization. Pango can be used anywhere that text layout is needed... ..The integration of Pango with Cairo provides a complete solution with high quality text handling and graphics rendering.”
- Owen Taylor
- Behdad Esfahbod

# Our Baseline

- Classic Roman Text Rendering
  - 1:1 code point to grapheme mapping
  - Left to Right
- ComposedText (Paragraph)
  - indenting & tabs (left)
  - word wrapping
  - alignment
  - justification
  - font resolution (underline, bold, italic, color, couple others)

## Challenge 1: **Glyph Resolution**

- Want to show strings of mixed charsets (despite any base font)
- Will it show everything? Yes... if you have enough fonts
- First rite of passage: “The Character Map Viewer”

## Challenge 2: Right to Left Rendering

- `wef a eman to ,werbeH ,naisreP ,cibarA`
- `...sdrow dnasuohT a htrow s'erutciP A`

## Challenge 3: **BIDI**

- Bi-Directional text support
- If we mix texts of different directions, we'd like that to look right too
- Yeesh. Yet another “Hello World” example...
- Followed by a more “timely” example...



## Challenge 4: **Shaping**

- The story of Å and Ȧ, the Diacritical Twins
- Back to our sandbox to play some more...

## Challenge 5: **Vertical Text**

- Some writing systems still go right to left in vertical columns (e.g. Asian Print)
- Another example...

## Challenge 6: Text Transformation

- In addition to *drawing*, Pango can emit vector information for the outlines of the glyphs it would draw
- Once we have the vectors, we can manipulate it however we want
- More Demos (2 of 'em)...

## Challenge 7: Interacting with Layouts

- For many, just rendering is enough
- If your user will “interact” with these layouts though, you need to be able to translate to/from the input devices the user uses
- Final “Rite of Passage”, building a real editor...

# Binding Overview

- Similar to CairoGraphics binding
- As Faithful as Possible to Pango API names
- Pango coordinates always in scaled integers (x1024), always converted via toPangoScale/fromPangoScale
- Only the “basic” APIs, no need to engage the low level rendering pipeline APIs (yet)
- Only mapped for the Cairo backend

# Binding Overview: **Layout**

- Primary Object; everything ComposedText does *plus*:
  - Variable line height
  - Forced single line mode
  - Direction control (explicit or automatic)
  - Ellipsification
  - Simple API for setting font/size
  - Spacing
  - 3 kinds of word wrap
  - Various measuring APIs
    - ink and logical extents
    - cursor locating
    - points to positions
    - positions to points

## Binding Overview: **FontDescription**

- Describes a font request, either in full, or partial
- Simple fromString: creator (e.g. 'Arial, 24' 'Mincho, 13px')
- Can set/get:
  - family
  - gravity
  - pixel size
  - point size
  - stretch (condensed, expanded, etc)
  - style (oblique, normal, italic)
  - variant (normal, smallCaps)
  - weight (boldness)

## Binding Overview: **LayoutLine**

- Additional querying/measurements
- Can be rendered/pathed individually



# Binding Overview: **Iterator**

- Enumerates Layouts
  - by line...
  - or by character...
  - or by cluster...
  - or by run...
- Accesses the current one of any of those
- Other measuring/querying information
  - extents
  - current y values and baseline

# Binding Overview: PangoContext

- Usually “just taken care of”
- Can be used to access/set:
  - resolution (ppi)
  - gravity
  - direction
  - default FontDescription
- Query available font families
- Query font metrics

## Binding Overview: **TabArray**

- Manages tab information for a Layout
- Similar to an Array interface
- APIs for setting left, right, center, and numeric tabs, but currently only actually does left

## Binding Overview: **Various Constants**

- Each Pango ENUM type is turned into a subclass of CairoGraphics.Constant
- ENUM members are expressed as class side methods
- Example:  
    aLayout ellipsization: EllipsizeMode right

## Binding Overview: **AttributeList**

- One per Layout
- Analogous to RunArray
- Array like API
- contains Attributes

# Binding Overview: **Attribute**

- Models a Range (or if no start/stop given, does all)
- Analogous to Text emphases
  - backgroundColor
  - *family*
  - fontDescription
  - *foregroundColor*
  - gravity
  - gravityHint
  - language
  - letterSpacing
  - *pixelSize*
  - pointSize
  - rise
  - scale
  - stretch
  - *strikethrough*
  - strikethroughColor
  - *style* (oblique as well as italic)
  - *underline* (but 5 different kinds)
  - underlineColor
  - variant
  - *weight*
- Interned in Pango library, so not extensible

## Binding Overview: ShapeAttribute

- Takes a “data” pointer and extents (ink and logical)
- Context’s shape render callback processes them
- block: [:cr :attribute :doPath | ]  
ink: aRectangle  
logical: bRectangle
- Blocks registered in a Smalltalk registry and associated with the data value of the attribute, single universal callback finds block associated with ShapeAttribute instance and dispatches it
- Only does text replacement (for now)
- Pictures again?

## Binding Overview: Markup

- Attributes can be computed from markup
- Example:

`'<b>Hello</b> <i>ESUG</i>'`

`'Travis is <span size="x-large">feeling</span> <span color="blue">blue</span>'`



## Issues: **Memory Management**

- Borrows same mechanism used by Cairo binding
- Not as consistent
  - some Pango structures are ref counted (like Cairo)
  - some are not refcounted, but still need to be freed if we created them
  - others are just interfaces and need no memory management
- No fun to figure out when it goes wrong

## Issues: UTF8

- Can't Random Access
- Size has to be computed
- Not as difficult tho, when you work in pointers
- Many Pango APIs are done in 0 based byte offsets, which may jump
- No Endianness Issue
- Compact

## Issues: Different Platforms

- Pango installed on any current Linux up-to-date distro
- Seems to work well on Windows, a real pain to build there though
- Not good for “non-ascii” on OSX yet (needs CoreText), not so bad to build
- Older Unix/X11 installs... mostly unknown

# Cincom's Plans

- None of what you've seen today is “committed” product direction
- Recognition is the first step - Modern International Text Layout is quite involved
- Some Observations:
  - Pango is the “native solution” for Linux world
  - Uniscribe is the “native solution” for Windows world
  - CoreText is the “native solution” for OSX world ( $\geq 10.5$ )
  - GTK builds and uses Pango on Windows and OSX
- All in Smalltalk instead?
- Pros and Cons with using 3rd Party Libraries

# Converting VisualWorks

- Could we just replace VW text rendering primitives with Pango calls?
- Let me show you...

