

Working the API like a Unix Pro

ZABBIX

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Quick introduction

- @RaymondKuiper
- Zabbix user since 2006, never looked back
- q1x on Freenode (find me in #zabbix)
- Proud to work for these guys:



Sysadmins <3 Automation



Automation in Zabbix

How to automate via the API?

API bash script using Curl

Pros:

- Seems nice and easy at first
- You can show off your mad curl skills

API bash script using Curl

Cons:

- No object awareness
- Honestly, it's a PITA

Develop an API based tool

Pros:

- Perfect solution to your problem
- Highly efficient code

Develop an API based tool

Cons:

- Takes time and effort to develop (and debug) a fitting solution
- Not very flexible unless you invest heavily in development (monolithic)
- Gets very complex, very fast. You might need a *developer* to maintain it

Use a CLI tool

(Zabcon and friends)

Pros:

- Can be used in shell scripts
- Can be used quickly, no need for direct API code

Use a CLI tool

(Zabcon and friends)

Cons:

- Learning a new CLI language
- Limited to the functionality the developer thought was useful

My solution?

*nix

The IT swiss army knife



*nix

The IT swiss army knife

“The whole is greater than the sum of its parts.”

— Aristotle

Introducing: the Zabbix Gnomes



Zabbix Gnomes

<https://github.com/q1x/zabbix-gnomes>



Zabbix Gnomes

~/.zbx.conf

[Zabbix API]

username=johndoe

password=verysecretpassword

api=https://zabbix.mycompany.com/path/to/zabbix/frontend/

no_verify=true



Zabbix Gnomes

Making them work together



Ex. 1: Hostgroup Templates

Scenario:

- Hosts in the host group 'App Servers' should be linked to 'Template App Customapp'
- \$someone keeps forgetting to link that template to newly deployed App servers
- Post-it notes about this don't seem to work



Ex. 1: Hostgroup Templates

```
user@localhost$ ./zghostfinder.py 'App Servers'
```

```
app-server-001  
app-server-002  
...  
app-server-042  
app-server-043
```



(Finds hosts in a host group)

Ex. 1: Hostgroup Templates

```
user@localhost$ ./zhtmlfinder.py 'app-server-001'
```

```
Template OS Linux
```

```
Template App Customapp
```

```
user@localhost$ ./zhtmlfinder.py 'app-server-042'
```

```
Template OS Linux
```



(Finds templates linked to a host)

Ex. 1: Hostgroup Templates

```
user@localhost$ ./zhtmlinker.py
usage: zhtmlinker.py [-h]
                    (-H HOSTNAMES [HOSTNAMES ...] | -G
HOSTGROUPS [HOSTGROUPS ...])
                    -t TEMPLATES [TEMPLATES ...]
```

(Links templates to hosts)

Ex. 1: Hostgroup Templates

```
user@localhost$ ./zhtmlinker.py -G 'App Servers' \  
-t 'Template App Customapp'
```



Pro-tip: Stick it in a crontab!

Ex. 1: Hostgroup Templates

```
user@localhost$ for host in $(./zghostfinder.py 'App Servers');  
do echo "$host : $(./zhtmlfinder.py "$host" | tr '\n' ',')";  
done
```

```
app-server-001 : Template OS Linux,Template App  
app-server-002 : Template OS Linux,Template App  
...  
app-server-042 : Template OS Linux,Template App  
app-server-043 : Template OS Linux,Template App
```

Ex. 2: Host Inventory

Scenario:

- \$boss has negotiated a new hardware support contract with \$vendor
- Demands serial/os/type of all Cisco 800s
- Your template stores this info in the Inventory
- You are a happy user of network discovery



Ex. 2: Host Inventory

(See also ZBXNEXT-1241)

```
user@localhost$ ./zhinvswitcher.py
usage: zhinvswitcher.py [-h] (-H HOSTNAMES [HOSTNAMES ...]
                        | -G HOSTGROUPS [HOSTGROUPS ...]
                        | --all-hosts) ... [-m MODE] ...
```

```
user@localhost$ ./zhinvswitcher.py -G "Cisco Devices" -m auto
```

(Switches Inv. Mode on hosts)

Ex. 2: Host Inventory

```
user@localhost$ ./zgetinventory.py
usage: zgetinventory.py [-h] (-H HOSTNAMES [HOSTNAMES ...]
                        | -G HOSTGROUPS [HOSTGROUPS ...]) ...
                        [-m] [-i] ... (-A | -F FIELDS [FIELDS ...])
```



(Gets Zabbix inventory information)

Ex. 2: Host Inventory

```
user@localhost$ ./zgetinventory.py -G 'Cisco Devices' \
-e -m -i -F serialno_a type os | \
sed -n -e 1p -e '/C8../'p | \
cut -d ',' -f 2-

"host","serialno_a","type","os"
"RT01","FCZ999999A","C819G-4G-G-K9","15.4(3)M1, RELEASE SOFTWARE
(fc1)"
"RT02","FCZ999999B","C887VA-K9","15.4(1)T1, RELEASE SOFTWARE
(fc2)"
"RT03","FCZ999999C","C887VA-K9","15.4(3)M1, RELEASE SOFTWARE
(fc1)"
...
```

Ex. 3: Emailing Graphs

Scenario:

- \$colleague needs daily CPU graphs
- Can't be bothered with browsing the GUI every morning before getting coffee
- You'd like to help him reach his mailbox quota



Ex. 3: Emailing Graphs

```
user@localhost$ ./zghostfinder.py 'Linux Servers'
```

```
Wakizashi  
Kodachi  
Katana
```



Ex. 3: Emailing Graphs

```
user@localhost$ ./zhgraphfinder.py -e Kodachi
```

568:Network traffic on eth0

555:CPU jumps

556:CPU load

557:CPU utilization

558:Swap usage

569:Disk space usage /

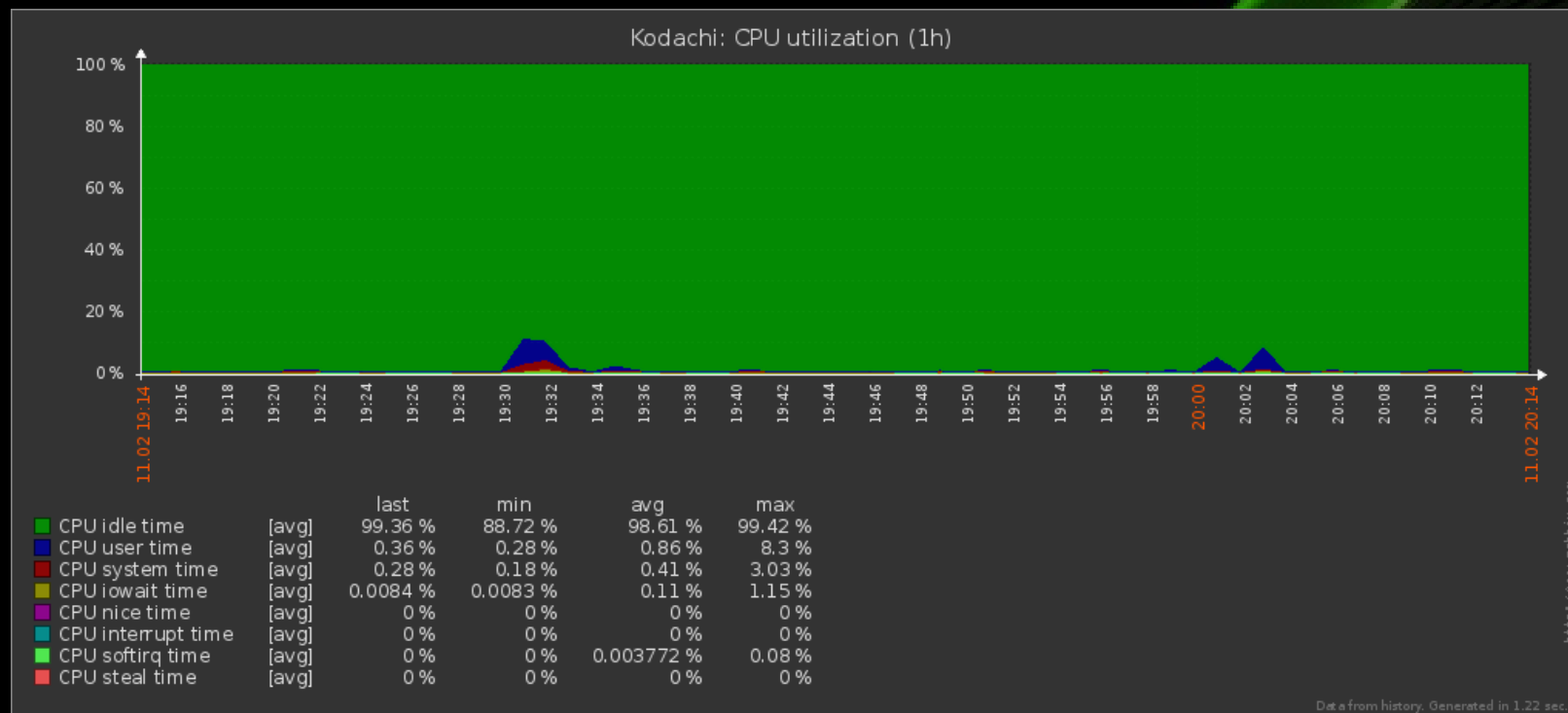
560:Memory usage



(Finds graphs configured on a host)

Ex. 3: Emailing Graphs

```
user@localhost$ ./zgetgraph.py -f graph.png 557
```



(Downloads a graph from the **frontend**)

Ex. 3: Emailing Graphs

```
#!/bin/bash
graphs=""
filelist=""

# find graphs on hosts in group 'Linux Servers'
for host in $(zghostfinder.py "Linux Servers"); do
    hgraphs=$(zhgraphfinder.py -e $host | grep "CPU utilization" \
        | cut -d ':' -f 1 )
    graphs="$graphs $hgraphs"
done

# download graphs
for graph in $graphs; do
    file="/tmp/$graph.png"
    filelist="$filelist -a $file"
    zgetgraph.py -t 86400 -f "$file" "$graph"
done

# Mail the graphs and cleanup
echo "See attached." | mail $filelist -s "Daily graphs"
"user@some.tld"
rm -r $(echo "$filelist" | sed 's/-a\ //g')
```



Things to think about



Questions?

