

SNMP, for those times you can't install the Zabbix agent.

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Overview

- Introduction
- What is SNMP
- Extending the Net-SNMP agent
- My first MIB
- A sub-agent for your MIB

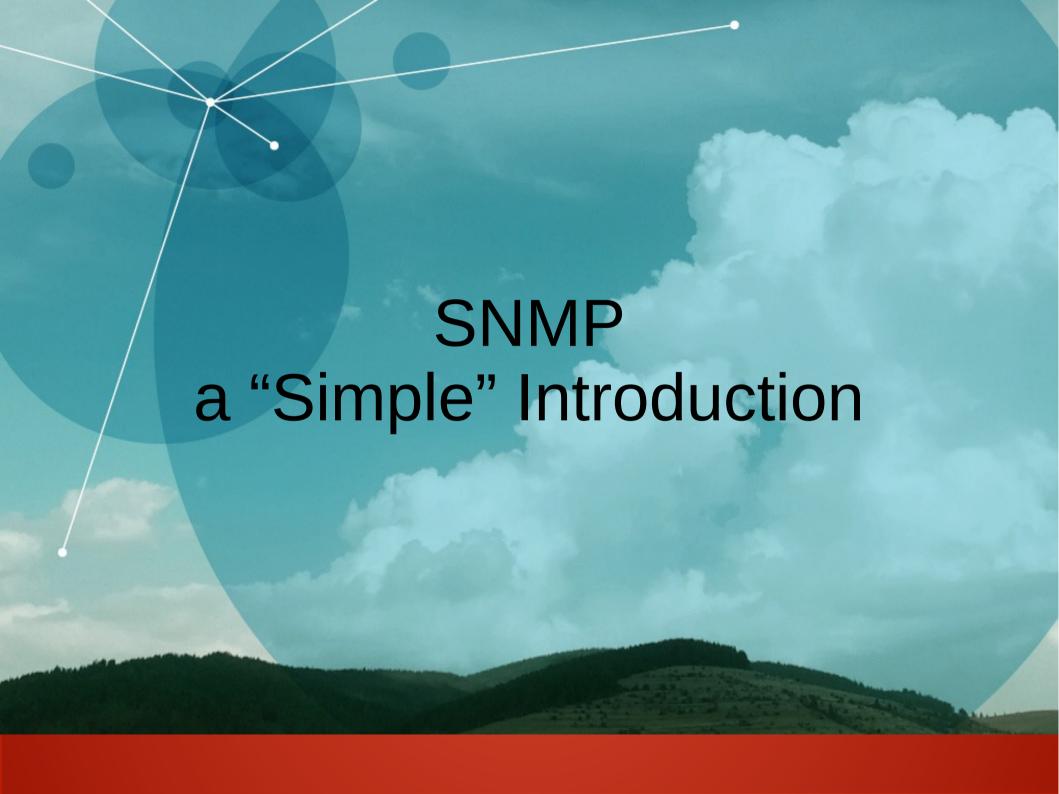
\$ whoami

- Andrew Nelson
- anelson@redhat.com
- Senior Linux Consultant with Red Hat North America
- Active in the Zabbix community for approximately 10

years

- Known as "nelsonab" in forums and IRC
- Author of the Zabbix API Ruby library zbxapi





Topics

- SNMP Overview
 - OIDs
 - Units
 - Tables
- Using SNMP With Zabbix
- Extending SNMP

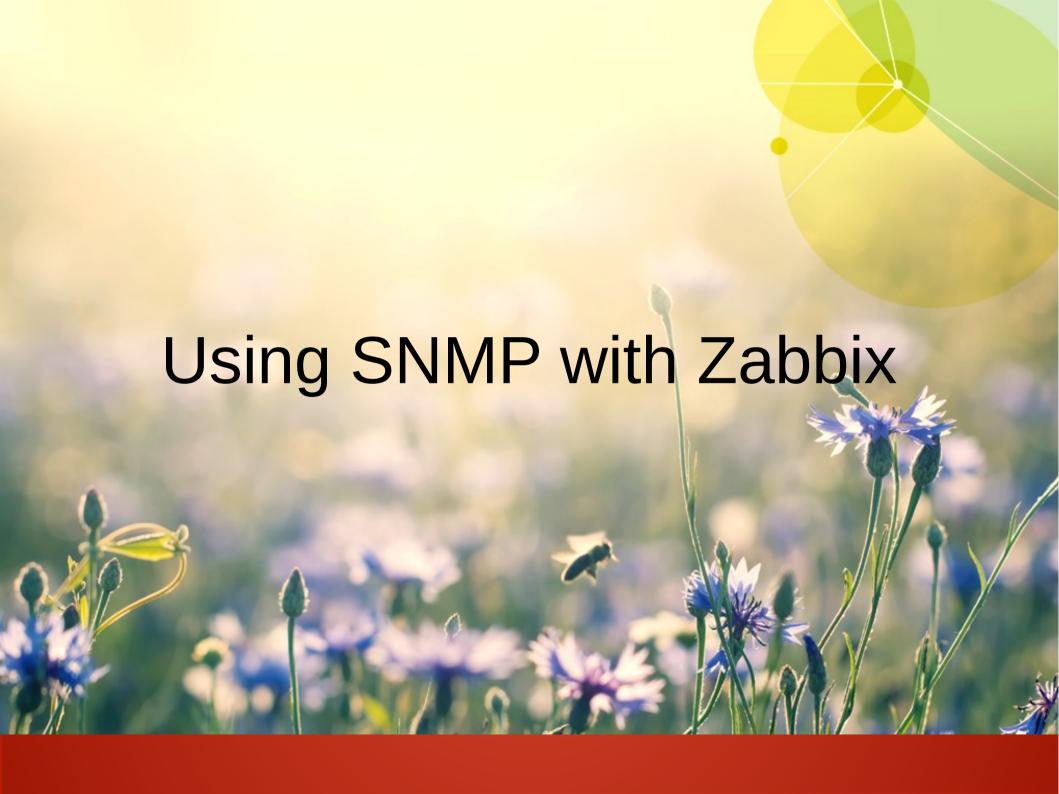
What is SNMP

- Simple Network Monitoring Protocol
 - Like all standards, it's not simple!
 - Defined by numerous RFCs
 - Uses a hierarchical data model
 - Employs an Agent Manager design
 - Agents can be nested
 - Is extensible

What is SNMP

- SNMP uses OIDs to identify each item
- OIDs are numeric with text translations provided by MIB files.





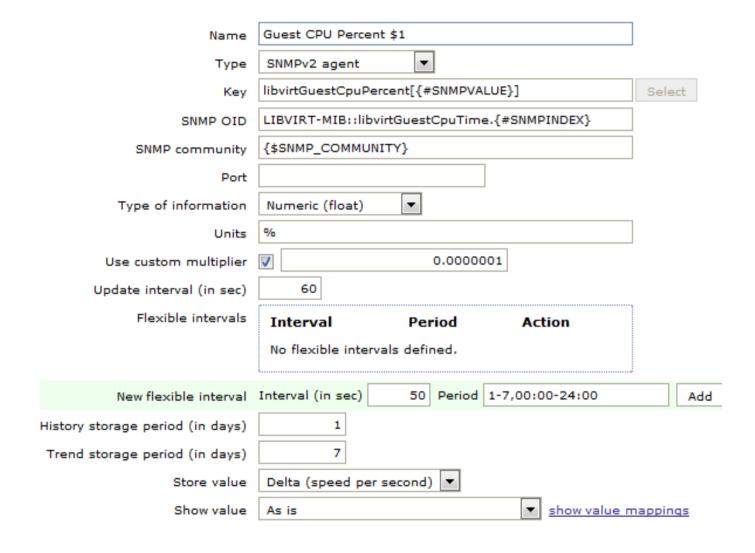
- Available since version 1.1
- One request per network connection before 2.2.3
- Dynamic index lookups available since version 1.5
 - Item["index","base item","row"]
 - ifInOctets["index","ifDescr","GigabitEthernet0/1"]



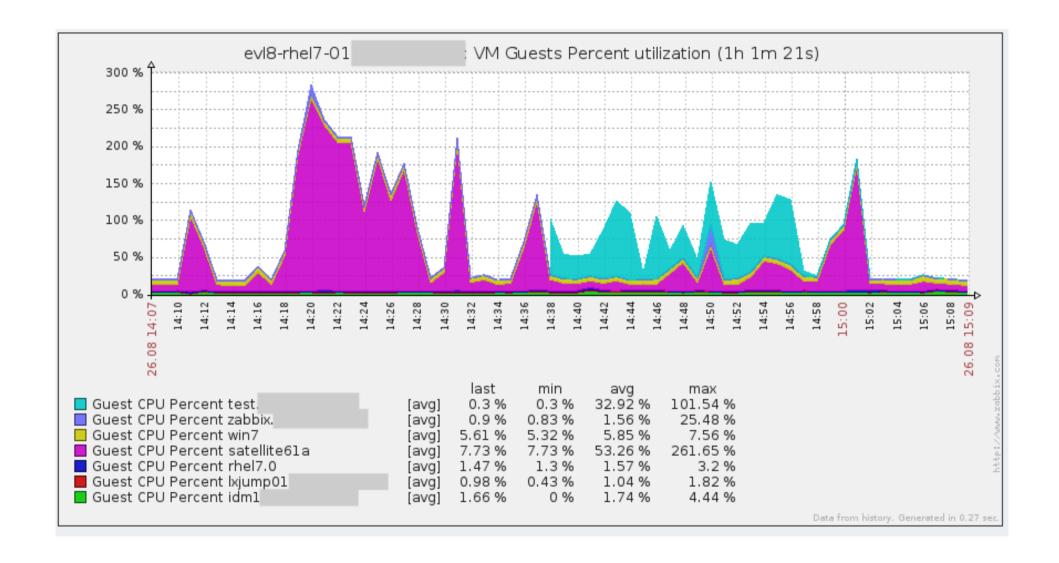
- Configure a global macro for {\$SNMP_COMMUNITY} then override locally for each host as needed.
 - Templates make use of this macro
- Some parameters require some "massaging" before they are useful.
- Disk space is often in the form of N Allocation Units, not bytes.
 - Calculated value: alocation_units[disk]*free_space[disk]

- Because calculated items are needed timelines may become very skewed.
 - Free disk space is checked every 10 minutes
 - Space calculation is performed every 10 minutes
 - Graphed value could be time skwed by 20 minutes!
- Zabbix needs the ability for inbound value calculation.
 - If only there were a scripting interface for this.....

- It is possible to derive percent utilization from accumulated time items.
- Set the item to Delta per second
- Convert the time scale to "centi-seconds" and store as a float with a unit of "%".
- Resultant value will be an approximation of the percent utilization.
 - However, it is skewed by the number of threads (CPU's) available to process the item being counted.







- When using SNMP for host discovery be careful when using SNMPv2-MIB::sysDescr.0
 - It will change with kernel updates
 - Zabbix will then detect the updated machine as a new system
 - Best to override this parameter in snmpd.conf, or perhaps use an extend script to return the dmi item uuid

```
# dmidecode -s system-uuid
93737AE6-8A60-2B41-BEA4-B61C7ACD8063
```

- When using direct OID numbers be careful.
 - OID number may remap over time, especially if the value in question is part of a table.
 - OID table members are not guaranteed to have the same OID numbers across restarts of the SNMP agent (or host reboot)
- If MIB text is not translating correctly ensure the MIB file is in /usr/share/snmp/mibs (for RHEL systems).
- Ensure the OID in question translates correctly using snmptranslate.

- The snmp tools are your friends
 - net-snmp-utils rpm on RHEL
 - snmpwalk will allow you to peak at all of the items available.
 - Adding the parameter -On is useful when MIB translations or namespaces are hampering things.
 - snmptranslate can help ensure MIB files are loading correctly

```
$ snmptranslate -IR myCustomOID
Unknown object identifier: myCustomOID
```



Going beyond the basic SNMP Agent

- Common mechanisms available
 - Extend Raw Shell Scripts
 - Perl Call perl scripts directly
 - Pass Start a subprocess to handle a given OID subtree
 - PassPersist Similar to pass but keep running
 - AgentX A form of sub-agent where a process listens for requests on a socket.
 - Plus a few more not mentioned above

A simple extend: (/usr/local/bin/check_proc.sh)

#!/bin/sh

PATTERN=\$1 NUMPIDS=`pgrep \$PATTERN | wc -l`

echo "There are \$NUMPIDS \$PATTERN processes." echo "\$NUMPIDS" exit \$NUMPIDS

The statement in the snmpd.conf file

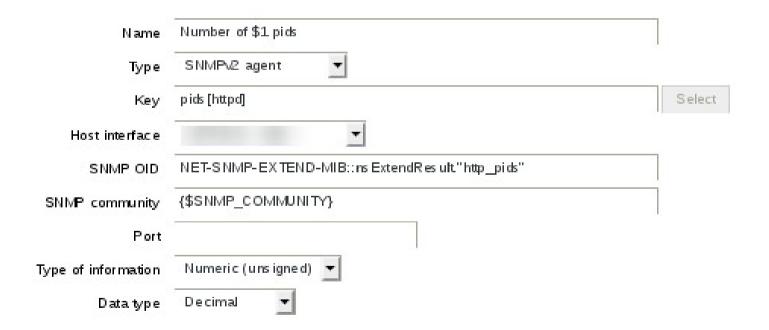
extend httpd_pids /bin/sh /usr/local/bin/check_proc.sh httpd



Snmpwalk of the extend script

```
[root@zabbix-server snmp]# snmpwalk -v2c -c readonly localhost NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendObjects
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendNumEntries.0 = INTEGER: 1
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendCommand."http pids" = STRING: /bin/bash
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendArgs."http pids" = STRING: /usr/local/bin/check proc.sh httpd
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendInput."http pids" = STRING:
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendCacheTime."http pids" = INTEGER: 5
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendExecType."http pids" = INTEGER: exec(1)
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendRunType."http pids" = INTEGER: run-on-read(1)
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendStorage."http pids" = INTEGER: permanent(4)
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendStatus."http pids" = INTEGER: active(1)
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendOutput1Line."http pids" = STRING: There are 11 httpd processes.
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendOutputFull."http pids" = STRING: There are 11 httpd processes.
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendOutNumLines."http pids" = INTEGER: 2
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendResult."http pids" = INTEGER: 11
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendOutLine."http pids".1 = STRING: There are 11 httpd processes.
NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendOutLine."http pids".2 = STRING: 11
```

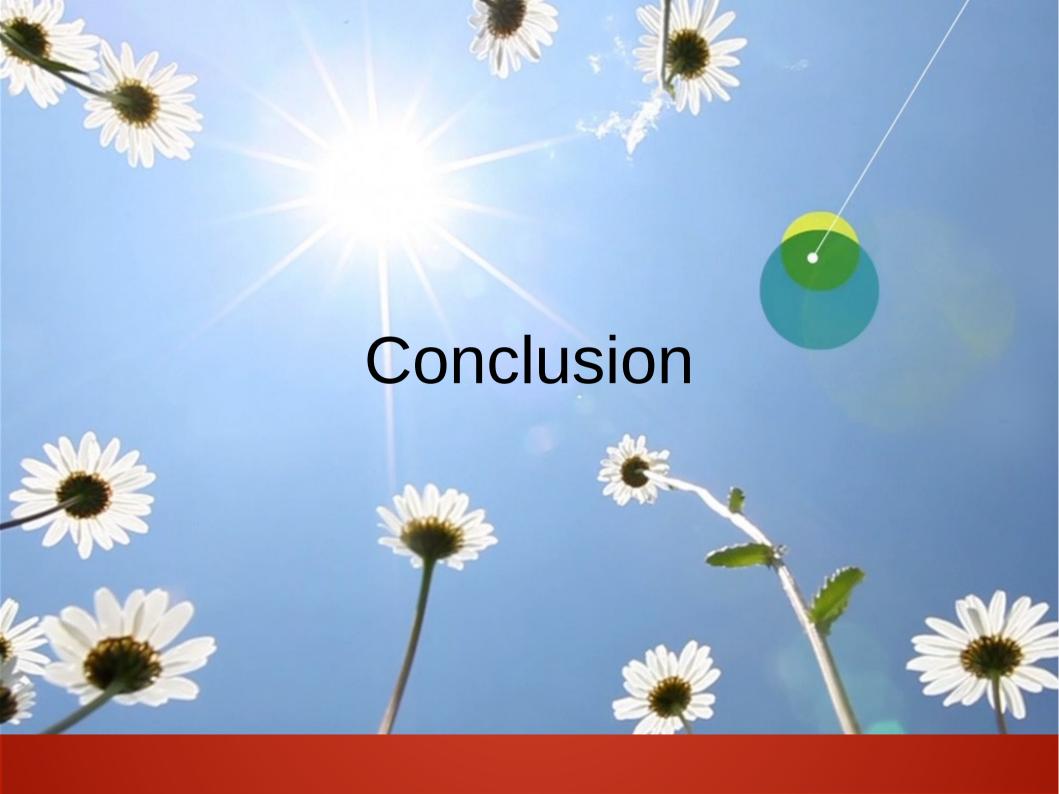
- Adding the item is as simple as adding an snmp item and assigning it to a key
- No need to worry about OID's changing



- Note when using the exit value from a script, it's maximum value is 256, any value over will roll over.
 - Ex: An exit value of 5000 will result in an actual value of 136 5000-(256*19) = 136
- Place the value in question on a separate line and use NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendOutLine."ITEM".
 - Where n is the line in question and ITEM is the extend item.

- Adding uuid information to snmp via extend extend host_uuid /usr/sbin/dmidecode -s system-uuid
- In discovery use the item:

NET-SNMP-EXTEND-MIB::nsExtendOutLine."host_uuid".1



Conclusion



Questions

